COURSE OUTLINE

	Family Centered Nursing Course Title			NU202 & Course No.
I.	COURSE DESCRIPTION: Focuses on care of clients and their signature, delivery and postpartum periods	gnificant others in s. Includes the nu	n the prena	tal clinic and during the
II.	SEMESTER CREDITS:4			
III.	CONTACT HOURS PER WEEK:	2 Lecture Lab	6,	8 Total
IV.	PREREQUISITE: NU102 with a	at least a "C"		
V.	STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOME	S: VI.	COURS	E CONTENT:
	Upon completion of the course, the str	udent will be able	, with 65%	accuracy, to
	1. Name at least three different health care personnel who deliver babies List environmental stressors on the childbearing family. List two historical developments that affect maternity care.	e.	Α.	History and Trends in Family Centered Childbearing.
	2. List the goals of prenatal care. Denoursing interventions significant to pregnant women during each trime. Differentiate among the presumpt probable, and routine signs of presumptions.	o ester. ive,	В.	Prenatal Care and Adaptations to Pregnancy
	3. List methods to reduce women's risk for antepartum complications and describe care for each complications including interventions for the pat who has a high-risk pregnancy in	cations ient	C.	Nursing Care of Women With Complications During Pregnancy
	4. Describe the four Ps of labor and I they are interrelated to result in the birth of a baby. Explain the normal process of childbirth. List common nursing responsibilities during the and during the post birth period.	e il n	D.	Nursing Care During Labor and Birth
	 Describe factors that influence a w comfort during labor. List nonpha methods of pain management duri and also pharmacologic pain mana including the nursing roles for bot 	armacologic ing labor agement,	E.	Nursing Management For Pain During Labor and Birth
	6. List and describe factors that contrabolic abnormal labor. Explain each intracomplication and the nurse's role	apartum	F.	Nursing Care of Women With Complications During Labor and Birth

- 7. Name reasons why the nurse should make his/her interventions culture-specific. Describe how to check the fundus properly and describe the nursing care of a new mother in the postpartum period. Describe the process of lactation. State the importance of breastfeeding.
- G. The Family Following Birth.

- 8. Describe signs and symptoms of each postpartum complication and list factors that increases a women's risk for developing each. Explain nursing measures that reduce a women's risk for developing specific postpartum complications and the specific nursing care for each.
- H. Nursing Care of Women With Complications Following Birth

- Describe the various methods of birth control and list the side effects and contraindications of each method. State the nurse's role in contraceptive education. List two tests performed to determine a women's fertility.
- I. The Nurse's Role in Reproductive Health.

- 10. Describe three normal reflexes of the neonate. List two symptoms of physiologic jaundice in the newborn and describe home phototherapy. List the clinical signs of infection in the newborn.
- J. The Term Newborn.

- 11. Differentiate between the preterm and the low birth-weight newborn. List three causes of preterm birth. Describe the handicaps of preterm birth and the nursing goals associated with each handicap. List three characteristics of the post term baby.
- K. Preterm and Post Term Newborns

- 12. List and define the more common disorders of the newborn period. Differentiate between cleft lip and cleft palate. List and describe nursing care of newborns with various disorders.
- L. Newborns With Special Needs.

VII. MATERIALS AND EUIPMENT:

Normal classroom supplies.

VIII. TEXTS AND REFERECES:

Leifer, G. (2011). Introduction to maternity and pediatric nursing (6th ed.) St. Louis, MO: Elsevier.

IX. METHOD OF INSTRUCTION:

- A. Lecture
- B. Class Projects
- C. Patient care practice with Instructor's supervision in the hospital and other medical clinics.

X. METHOD OF EVALUATION:

A.	Quizzes	20%
	Class Projects	10%
	Midterm Exam	15%
	Final Exam	15%

B. Weekly clinical evaluation
$$\frac{40\%}{100\%}$$

A

Transmutation of percent to letter-grade is as follows:

$$90 - 100 =$$

$$80 - 89 = B$$

$$70 - 79 = C$$

$$65 - 69 = D$$

64 & Below =
$$F$$

Form NC-2 TASK LISTING SHEET

NU2	02 Family Centered Nursing	Credits:_	2 Lecture	2 	96 Total
CIO	and accompanying tooler				
SLU	and accompanying tasks:			1 otal hours	for each SLO
SLO 1.	#1: Make a list of nursing diagn newborn nursing resulted fre Care of pregnant women un	om cultural	diversity.	n.	6 hrs.
SLO 1. 2. 3. 4.	Providing a safe delivery for Education of expectant mon Providing physical care. Calculate the expected date expectant moms using Nage Giving care to expectant mo	ns in self-ca of delivery ele's rule.	are.		6 hrs.
SLO 1.	#3: Caring for women with the a. Hyperemesis gravida b. Spontaneous abortio c. Ectopic pregnancy d. Placenta Previa e. Gestational trophobl f. Pregnancy-induced l g. Gestational diabetes h. Urinary Tract Infects	arum n astic diseas nypertensic or aggrava	se (hyatidiform on, edema, and 1	mole)	12 hrs.
SLO 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Provide nursing care for pat Assist in the normal childbin Assist the physician in the la Perform vaginal exam under Fetal heart rate assessment Attach the pregnant women Provide nursing care during Provide nursing care immediately of the mother and the infant	rth process abor room r physician in labor to childbirth. liately after	during a norma /instructor supe a fetal heart me	onitor.	12 hrs.
SLO 1. 2.	#5: Provide nursing measures to that would minimize their la Teach relaxation exercises to Administer pain medication	abor pain. o women i	n labor.	ng and after birth.	6 hrs.

SLO #6:

1. Provide nursing care for women with complications during labor and birth.

6 hrs.

- 2. Initiate and give care to women undergoing labor induction under a physician/instructor's supervision.
- 3. Provide nursing care/measures to women following episiotomy or lacerations from birth.
- 4. Provide preoperative and postoperative nursing measures to a woman before or after a cesarean birth.

SLO #7:

1. Assess the postpartum woman for any bleeding complication like postpartum hemorrhage or hypovelemic shock.

12 hrs.

- 2. Assess the progress of involution by palpating the fundus and record its descent
- 3. Teach the new mom how to massage her fundus.
- 4. Educate the new moms on how to care for her incision site and how to prevent infection.

SLO #8:

1. Give nursing care to women with complications following birth.

6hrs.

- 2. Assess new moms for signs of early postpartum hemorrhage.
- 3. Assess new moms for signs of late postpartum hemorrhage and assist in implementing drug and surgical treatment.
- 4. Assess post-cesarean moms for early signs of infection and assist in implementing appropriate treatment.

SLO #9:

1. Give education on feminine hygiene to new moms.

12hrs.

- 2. Provide clear information about different types of contraceptives to women.
- 3. Give education on family planning to new moms.
- 4. Perform self-breast examination on each other and teach own patients have to do it on themselves.

SLO #10:

1. Perform a complete neurologic function assessment of the newborn.

6 hrs.

- 2. Perform a complete physical assessment of the newborn.
- 3. Calculate an Apgar score of a newborn.
- 4. Give a sponge bath to a newborn following the unit procedure and policy.

SLO # 11:

1. Care for a newborn receiving phototherapy.

6 hrs.

- 2. Devise a nursing care plan for the baby receiving phototherapy.
- 3. Chart own nursing observation in care of the preterm baby.
- 4. Devise a nursing care plan for the preterm newborn.

SLO #12:

- Care for a newborn with cleft lip and or cleft palate. 1.
- a. Feeding
 b. Pre-/post-operative care
 Devise a nursing care plan for the child with spica cast, 2. diarrhea and AIDS.

6 hrs.

Palau Community College NU202 Family Centered Nursing Course Learning Outcome

During the course experience, the *course learning outcomes* (CLOs) will be assessed through the use of signature assignments. A rating scale will be used to determine the students' proficiency level of each CLO using specifically aligned assignments. The numerical ratings of 4, 3, 2 and 1 are not intended to represent the traditional school grading system of A, B, C, D and F. The descriptions associated with each of the numbers focus on the level of student performance for each of the course learning outcomes listed below.

Rating Scale:

4 = Insightful 3 = Proficient 2 = Developing 1 = Emerging

CLO #1: Students will be able to demonstrate the understanding of the goals of prenatal care.

	ocacines will be able to demonstrate the understanding of the goals of prenatal care.
4	Discusses goals of prenatal care; describes nursing care important to pregnant women during each
	trimester; describes various methods and interventions for reducing risks of antepartum complications;
	differentiates among presumptive, probable, & positive signs of pregnancy; & calculates the expected
	date of delivery and duration of pregnancy.
3	Discusses goals of prenatal care; describes nursing care important to pregnant women during each
	trimester; describes various methods and interventions for reducing risks of antepartum complications;
	differentiates among presumptive, probable, & positive signs of pregnancy.
2	Discusses goals of prenatal care; describes nursing care important to pregnant women during each
	trimester; describes various methods and interventions for reducing risks of antepartum complications.
1	Discusses goals of prenatal care & describe nursing care important to pregnant women during each
	trimester.

CLO #2: Students will be able to distinguish abnormal labor from normal labor.

4	Explains the normal process of child birth; discusses factors that contribute to an abnormal labor; perform common nursing responsibilities during birth/post-birth; describes factors that influence a woman's comfort during labor; describes both nonpharmacologic methods of pain management & pharmacologic pain management during labor; & describes the nurse's role in each complication of intrapartum.
3	Explains the normal process of child birth; discusses factors that contribute to an abnormal labor; perform common nursing responsibilities during birth/post-birth; describes factors that influence a woman's comfort during labor; describes both nonpharmacologic methods of pain management & pharmacologic pain management during labor.
2	Explains the normal process of child birth; discusses factors that contribute to an abnormal labor; performs common nursing responsibilities during birth/post-birth; describes factors that influence a woman's comfort during labor.
1	Explains the normal process of child birth; discuss factors that contribute to an abnormal labor; performs common nursing responsibilities during birth/post-birth.

CLO #3: Students will be able to demonstrate understanding of the care of women after birth.

A	De Control of the Con
4	Performs/describes how to check fundus properly; describe signs & symptoms of post-partum
	complications; discusses factors that increases a woman's risk for developing post-partum
	complications; performs/describes the nursing measures that reduce a woman's risk for developing
	specific post-partum complications; & describes the process of lactation.
3	Performs/describes how to check fundus properly; describe signs & symptoms of post-partum
	complications; discusses factors that increase a woman's risk for developing post-partum
	complications; performs/describes the nursing measures that reduce a woman's risk for developing
	specific post-partum complications.
2	Performs/describes how to check fundus properly; describe signs & symptoms of post-partum
	complications; discusses factors that increase a woman's risk for developing post-partum
	complications.
1	Performs/describes how to check fundus properly & describe signs & symptoms of post-partum
	complications.

CLO #4: Students will be able to demonstrate understanding of the nurse's role in reproductive health.

4	States nurse's role in contraceptive education; describes various methods of birth control; discusses side effects and contraindications of each method of contraceptives; & prepares/gives education on family planning.
3	States nurse's role in contraceptive education; describes various methods of birth control; discusses side effects and contraindications of each method of contraceptives.
2	States nurse's role in contraceptive education & describes various methods of birth control.
1	States nurse's role in contraceptive education.

CLO #5: Students will be able to demonstrate understanding of the care for infants with common disorders.

	9
4	Defines the more common disorders of the newborn and the nursing care for each one; differentiates
	between preterm and low-birth weight newborn; discusses 3 characteristics of post term baby; describes
	symptoms of physiologic jaundice in the newborn & describes phototherapy; & describes normal
	reflexes of the neonate.
3	Defines the more common disorders of the newborn and the nursing care for each one; differentiates
	between preterm and low-birth weight newborn; discusses 3 characteristics of post term baby; describes
	symptoms of physiologic jaundice in the newborn & describes phototherapy.
2	Defines the more common disorders of the newborn and the nursing care for each one; differentiates
	between preterm and low-birth weight newborn; discusses 3 characteristics of post term baby.
1	Defines the more common disorders of the newborn and the nursing care for each one & differentiates
	between preterm and low-birth weight newborn.